Ten Major Periods of Hebrew and Early Christian History

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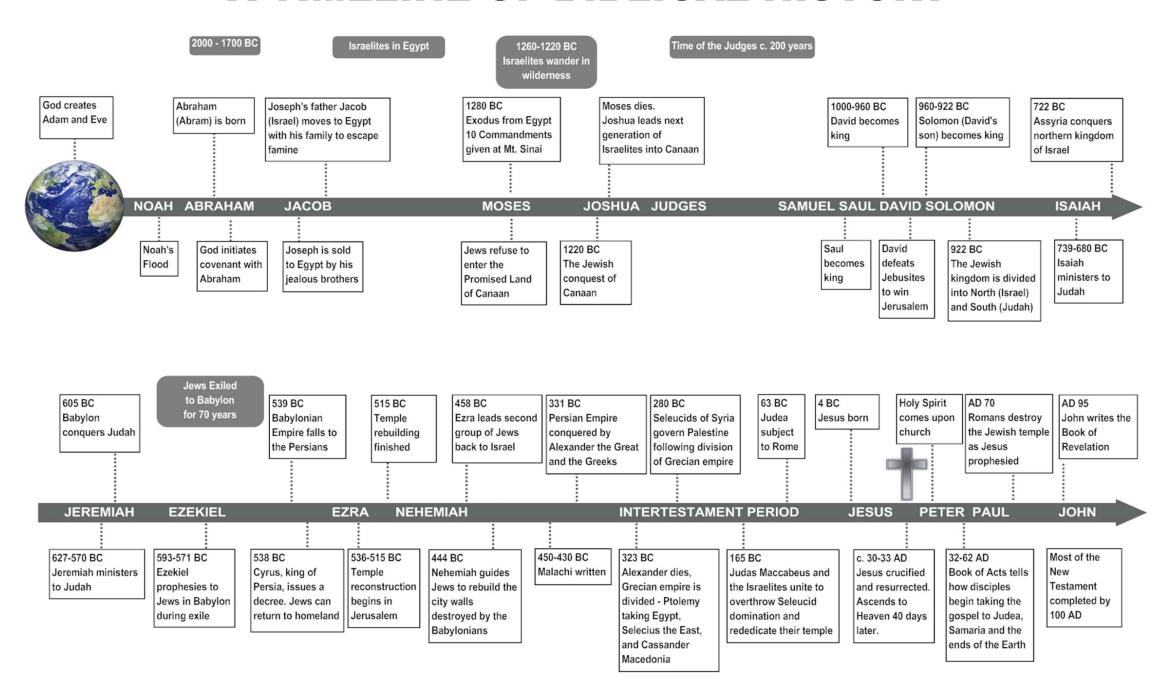
Importance of Frequent, Systematic Bible Study for Christians

- Revealing God's Word for Each Of Our Lives
- Strengthening Our Faith
- Understanding The Hebrew and Early Christian Roots of our Faith
- Discovering Ways We Can Serve God and Minister to People
- Understanding the Purpose, Structure and Role of the Church
- Sharing Our Faith w/Other Christians in Group Bible Study

Preparing for Effective Bible Study

- Bible Literacy: Organization, OT & NT Books, Themes and Timeline
- Main Theme of the Bible
 - **➢ God's Dealing with His People and His Provision for Salvation**
- Crucial Event of the Old Testament
 - **≻**The Exodus from Egypt
- Crucial Event of the New Testament
 - >Jesus Christ: His Coming; His Message; His Death & Resurrection
- Origin and Construction of the Bible
 - **→** Written over period of 1300 years
 - **≻**Canonization in 367A.D.
- Guidelines for Interpretation of the Scriptures

A TIMELINE OF BIBLICAL HISTORY



Colleagues in Developing the Bible Resource Guide: the Basis for this Seminar

- Don Cannata: Former Minister of Education, FBC Waco
 - ❖ Identified need and initiated Bible Teacher Training Program (BTTP) @ FBC Waco
 - **❖** Developed original draft of Bible Resource Guide (BRG)
 - Reviewed and commented on revisions to BRG
- Bill Pitts: Professor of Religion, Baylor University & member of FBC Waco
 - **❖** Designed and taught Bible Teacher Training Program @ FBC Waco
 - **❖** Bible Resource Guide & seminar is based on Bill's design & content of BTTP
 - Reviewed and contributed to final version of BRG
- Dan Hull: A member of TWP & former member of FBC Waco
 - **❖**Organized and led Bible Teacher Training Program (BTTP) for 4 years
 - **Edited, formatted, revised and printed Bible Resource Guide**
 - **❖**Organized this seminar @ TWP

Background Information on the Bible

- Development of the Bible books
 - ➤ Oral: Hebrew stories and myths (folklore), compiled by Jewish leaders
 - > Written: by prophets, disciples, Paul and others.
 - ➤ Genre: history, law, sermons and songs
 - ➤ Manuscripts: i.e., Dead Sea Scrolls
- Canonization of the Bible
 - **➢ Jamia (Council of Jabeth 90 C. E.) : OT Canon**
 - >Athanasius 367 C.E. (superseded Nicean and Chalcedonian Councils)
- Source/Authority of the Bible Writings
 - **≻**Revelation
 - **≻**Inspiration
 - >Transmission of early texts
 - √ Materials (Papyrus, Vellum)
 - √ Format (Scroll, codex)
 - ✓ Copyists

Background Information on the Bible (cont'd)

Arrangement

- **➢Old Testament: Origin Law, Prophets, Writings**
- ➤ New Testament: Life of Christ (gospels), Evolution of Church (Acts), Paul, Revelation

Translations

- >Ancient, Medieval, Reformation
- ➤ Modern: Language (manuscripts), Archaeology, History (sources, editors, audiences)

• Interpretation of Scripture: Criteria

- ➤ Authority, Age and Variety of Messages/Topics
- > Development of Interpretation
 - ✓ Ancient
 - ✓ Medieval: Literal, Allegorical, Anagogical, Tropological
 - √ Chapter (Langton), Verses (Etienne)
 - **✓** Modern Interpretation

Ten Major Periods of Hebrew and Early Christian History

- 1. Creation, Adam and Eve, Flood and Tower of Babel
- 2. Abraham and the Patriarchs
- 3. Moses And the Exodus
- 4. Promised Land: Conquest of Canaan and the Judges
- 5. The United Kingdom
- 6. Rival Kingdoms to the Fall of Judah
- 7. Period of Captivity to Restoration
- 8. Between the Testaments
- 9. The Life and Ministry of Jesus
- 10. The Apostle Paul And the Spread of the Gospel

1. Creation, Adam and Eve, Flood and Tower of Babel

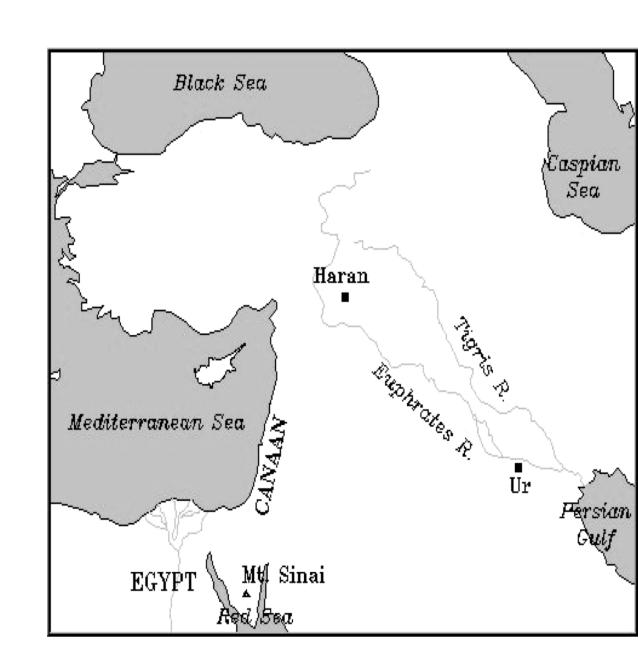
- The major events in Genesis
- Genesis is the book of beginnings
- The Creation
 - **➣** Theology, Science and History
 - ➤ Interpretations: Recent Creation, Gap Theory, Day/Age, Poetic
 - **➢** Genesis Accounts and Comparisons
 - √ Yawist: God and Humanity (Adam, Eve, Eden)
 - ✓ Priestly: God & the World (World, Remote/Powerful God, 6-days
 - √ Comparisons: Name; What; Means; Time Frame; God (human/remote)
 - ✓ Ideas: Theology, Creation (ex nihilo), Human position of honor (image of God)

1. Creation, Adam and Eve, Flood and Tower of Babel (cont'd)

- The Fall
 - First Sin: Source, Role of serpent; Nature of sin; Choice to sin
 - Consequences: Guilt, Curses (serpent, woman, man)
 - **➤** Significance: sets the problem
- The Flood
 - **≻**Gilgamesh Epic
 - **≻**Noah
 - > Curse on Canaan
- The Tower of Babel
 - **≻**Languages
 - **≻**Conflict

2. Abraham and the Patriarchs

- Abraham's Journey of faith.
- The patriarichal fathers in Genesis.
- From family to nation.
 - ➤ Abraham: Covenant (Isaac Ishmael)
- The Egypt factor in Hebrew history.

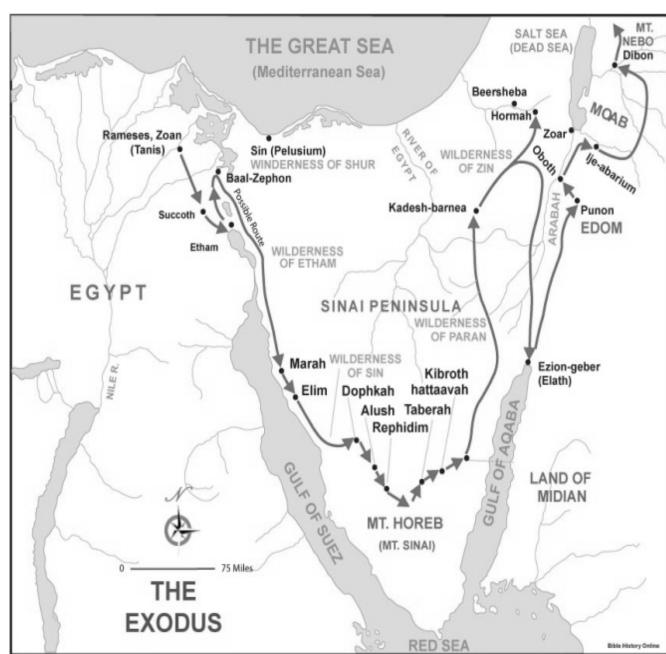


3. Moses and the Exodus

- After Joseph's family moved to Egypt, the Hebrews were reduced to "state slaves", making stone cities.
- Moses; Highlights of his life.
 - ➤ Raised by Pharaoh's Daughter
 - **≻**Burning Bush
 - ➤ God's Name: "Yahweh"
 - ➤ Moses Returned to Egypt @~80 years old
- Exodus c.1290-1220 B.C.
 - **→ Plagues: Release of Hebrews**
 - **≻**Reed Sea
 - **≻** Passover
 - ➤ The Ark: "God's Presence"

3. Moses and the Exodus (cont'd)

- Wilderness Routes: Sinai
 - **►**½ Exodus, Leviticus, Numbers
- Covenant of the Law
- Toward Canaan
 - **≻**Reconnaissance
 - **≻**Edom & Moab
 - > Conquest & Transportation
- After Moses exits, Joshua becomes the leader of the Hebrews.



4. Promised Land: Conquest of Canaan and the Judges

- Conquest c.1250 B.C.
 - **►** Joshua: Single campaign
 - **≻Judges: Gradual**
 - **≻** Campaign: Central, South & North
- Amphictony: Confederation
 - **➤** Religion and Politics
 - **▶12 Tribes**
 - **➤ Worship Centers**
 - > Covenant Renewed
 - > Canaanite Religion: Deities, Fertility
- Judges (deliverers) 1220-1020 B.C.
 - > Examples: Deborah & Samson
 - >Sin/Judgement
 - > Repentance / Deliverance
- Philistines



5. The United Kingdom 1020 – 922 B.C.

Saul

- > Crisis: Philistines
- **≻**Choice of Saul as Conqueror/Ruler
- **≻**Tragedies
 - ✓ Saul & Samuel
 - √ Saul & David

David

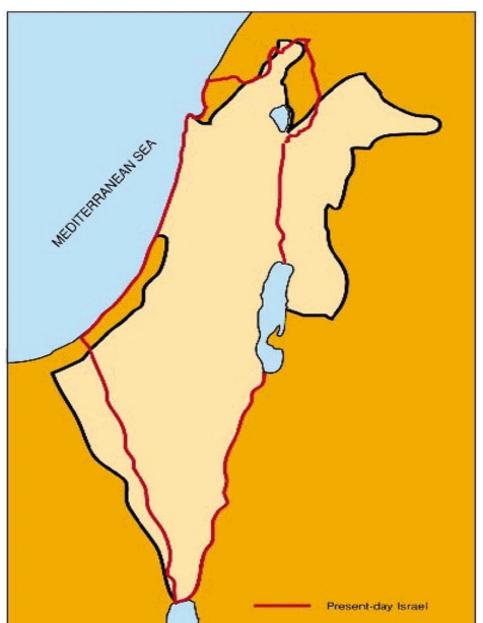
- ➤ Saul's Jealousy—Outlaw Days
- >Issues as King: Jerusalem, Military, Political, Bathsheba, Religion
- > Contributions to the Book of Psalms

Solomon

- **→** Building Program
- **≻**Commerce
- > Foreign Relations
- > Wisdom Tradition
- **≻**Government Policies

Maps of United & Divided Kingdoms

Empire of David & Solomon



Divided Kingdom



6. Rival Kingdoms to the Fall of Judah

- Divided Kingdom: Rehoboam's Policy & Jeroboam's Resistance
- Early Prophecy
 - **➤ Definition & Type of Message**
 - **➤ Varieties: Divination, Ecstatic & Preaching**
 - **≻True & False**
 - ✓ Life/Words
 - **✓** Justice
 - **✓** Professionals
 - > Examples
 - ✓ Micaiah
 - ✓ Elijah:

Baalism & Jezebel

Naboth's Vineyard

Mt. Carmel

6. Rival Kingdoms to the Fall of Judah (cont'd)

- Kings of North & South
 - **≻**Israel 922-722
 - **≻Judah 922-587**
- Prophetic Books: Four 8th Century Prophets
 - > Amos: Vision & Reasons for Doom (social injustice & empty worship)
 - ➤ Hosea (Summary Hosea 6:6)
 - ✓ Imagery: Husband & /Wife
 - ✓ Covenant: Broken/Renewed
 - ➤ Isaiah: Call & Messages
 - ✓ Judgement (day of Yahweh)
 - √ Faith in God; Coming King (Messiah)
 - > Micah
 - ✓ Judgement
 - ✓ Demand for Righteousness: *Do justice; Love mercy; Walk humbly before God*

6. Rival Kingdoms to the Fall of Judah (cont'd)

- Prophetic Books: Jeremiah's Prophecy of Judah's Decline
 - **≻**Call
 - **≻**Confessions
 - > Fall of Jerusalem
 - **≻**Thought
 - **✓** Broken Covenant
 - ✓ The New Covenant

7. Period of Captivity to Restoration: Babylonian Exile

- Babylonian Policy
- Jews in Exile: Legal Status & Language
- New Religious Developments
 - **≻**End of Holy City, Temple, Dynasty
 - ➤ New Forms: Synagogue, Study, Prayer
- Prophets in Exile
 - **≻**Ezekiel
 - ✓ Mobile Throne
 - ✓ Destruction of Jerusalem

Model of City

Cooked Food

Hole in House

✓ Glory (presence) of the Lord

7. Period of Captivity to Restoration: Babylonian Exile (cont'd)

- Prophets in Exile (cont'd)
 - > Isaiah:
 - √One, two or three books

Themes/Messages

Political Background: Jerusalem

- ✓ One God
- ✓ Redeemer: a new *exodus*
- √ The Servant: Who? What?

Restoration

- **▶** End of Exile: Persia; Edict of Cyrus; Diaspora
- > Early Returns:

Rebuild Temple/Restore worship

Rebuild walls

Ezra-Book of Law of Moses

≻Population

7. Period of Captivity to Restoration: Babylonian Exile (cont'd)

Psalms

- Significance
- Composition: 5 Parts
- Themes
 - **≻**Hymns of Praise
 - > Communal Laments
 - **≻**Royal Psalms
 - >Individual Laments
 - > Individual Thanksgiving
- Use in Worship

8. Between the Testaments

- Politics
 - > Alexander the Great
 - > Hellenistic Culture
 - **≻**Ptolemies
 - **≻**Seleucids
 - **➤** Maccabean Revolt: Independence
- Religious Literature: Ruth, Jonah, Esther
- Wisdom Literature
 - **→** Proverbs: *The Good Life*
 - > Ecclesiastes: Vanity; Meaninglessness
 - **➢ Job: Suffering; Comfort**
 - **➤** Song of Solomon: Lover & Beloved

9. The Life and Ministry of Jesus

- N.T. contains unique, self-revelation of God.
 - 1. In Christ God was reconciling the world to himself. Paul
 - 2. The Word became flesh & dwelt among us. John
 - 3. God has spoken to us by a Son. Hebrews
- Motivation & Date for Writing N.T.
 5000 manuscripts
- Canonical & Non-Canonical Literature
 - ➤ Books included; later excluded
 - 1 Clement, Didache, Shepherd of Hermes
 - ➤ Books not included; later included
 Jude, Il Peter, Il-III John, Hebrews, Revelation
- Background
 - > Roman Religion: emperor worship; mystery religion
 - ➤ Jewish: Politics/State (Herod)
 - > Jesus & early Christians were all Jews (90% Amharatz)
 - > Religious parties: Pharisees, Sadducees, Essenes, Zealots



9. The Life and Ministry of Jesus (cont'd)

The Gospels

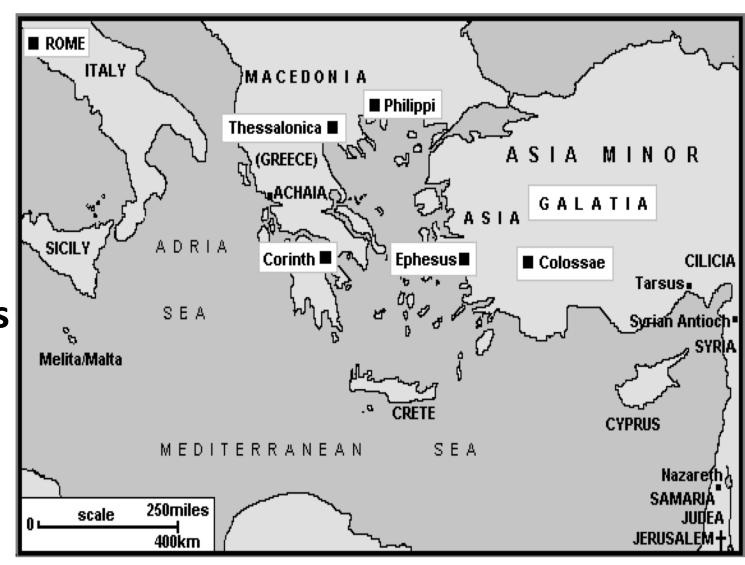
- ➤ Mark—Action
 (Over 230 verses in Mark were shared by Matthew & Luke)
- ➤ Matthew—New Moses, new law, Jesus the Messiah (audience?)
- > Luke—Outsiders, women—audience
- **→** Gospel of John—Divinity of Jesus
 - ✓ Unique: no record of baptism, no temptation
 - ✓ Not parables, but "I am" discourses
 - ✓ No Last Supper

Key Events in Life & Ministry of Jesus

- Early: Birth; In the temple; Into Egypt to escape Herod; Baptism; Temptation
- ➤ Ministry: First disciples; First miracle; In Galilee; Trouble in Jerusalem
- ➤ Crucifixion & Resurrection: Arrival in Bethany; Last Week; The forty days after resurrection

10. The Apostle Paul and the Spread of the Gospel

- Book of Acts: 30-64 A.D.
 - **≻Two parts: Peter & Paul**
 - >Unhindered Gospel
 - >Exposition:
 - 32 countries,
 - 54 cities,
 - 9 Mediterranean islands
 - > Numerical Growth
 - >Speeches in Acts



10. The Apostle Paul and the Spread of the Gospel (cont'd)

- Acts 1-12
 - **≻**Pentacost
 - **≻** Deacons
 - **≻**Stephen
 - **≻**Peter
- Acts 13-28
 - > Paul
 - **✓** Conversion
 - ✓ Journeys/Missions
 - ✓ Letters, Theology, Organization, Worship
 - **≻**General Epistles
 - ➤ Revelation: Mysterious, Cosmic, Symbolic, Hope in crisis, Conflict—good vs evil

Guidelines for Interpreting the Scriptures

- When, where, what and by whom was the scripture written?
- Why and to whom was the scripture written?
 - > Explain God's purpose in human history?
 - **➤** Describe God's love & mercy for humankind?
 - > Encourage and guide leadership in the Christian church?
 - ➤ Show groups of Christians (churches) purposes, right/wrong actions & mission?
- What is the particular book of the Bible about?
 - > Emergence/development of Hebrew & Christian groups?
 - ➤ Theological understanding of God & applications of His teachings?
 - **➤ Life, purpose and teachings of Christ?**
 - **►** Instruction & encouragement to the Christian Church?
- References, quarterlies, and Bible commentaries
 - **➤** See suggestions in Bible Reference Guide